

River from Adrianople, will be held in abeyance and used eventually to induce the Turks to accept the British proposal. This question was discussed to-day without final settlement.

The Allies, as might be expected, are telling the Turks again that they cannot have a plebiscite in western Thrace, and Lord Curzon again, with a great show of vigor, told Ismet that Europe was unanimous in its resolution that the Turks should not cross the Maritza.

In Turkish circles THE NEW YORK HERALD correspondent learns that Ismet pointedly told Lord Curzon that while he was not against British capital, Turkey was for competition bidding and could not recognize an agreement made among the Allies when Turkey was considered one of the spoils of war. The Turks obviously are playing for America's support, as was evidenced by Ismet's remarks.

In connection with demands for a plebiscite in western Thrace, Lord Ismet has supposed it was based upon one of the principles "of the late President of the United States." "This principle," he said, "is not practical, and has done more harm in the world than it has done good. It has deluded many nations."

This afternoon the question of the Aegean islands came up, the most important being those near the entrance to the Dardanelles—Lemnos, Imbros, Samothrace and Tenedos. Discussion of these has been reserved until the straits issue is taken up.

Small Nations Rejoice.

LAUSANNE, Nov. 25 (Associated Press).—The new American attitude in affording equal representation to the neutral countries represented here. Reports that Italy is making her support of the Franco-British position on German reparations dependent upon her receipt of commercial opportunities equaling those of France and Great Britain in the Near East convinced the neutrals that the American pronouncement of to-day was justified and timely.

Japan's position on the open door in the Near East is practically the same as that of the United States, and all the lesser Powers which cannot single-handed care for their own rights rejoiced that the powerful spokesman had taken the stand to assure free trade in the Levant.

PARIS, Nov. 25.—The Lausanne correspondent of the Temps, in transmitting Ambassador Child's speech, says its importance cannot be disregarded.

The pronouncement, he says, clearly aimed not only at the tripartite agreement and the San Remo accord, but also at the Ankara agreement between France and Turkey.

SAYS POWERS FORGOT RUSSIAN DELEGATION

After Inviting It to Parley Neglected to Tell Date.

LAUSANNE, Nov. 25 (Associated Press).—M. Vorovsky, advance agent of the Russian delegation, handed the president of the Near East Conference to-day a signed Russian Minister Tschichérin in which the Russian Government recalled that the inviting Powers had promised to notify the Russians of the date of the conference. This, said the advance agent, the inviting Powers had failed to do.

"Having learned by the newspapers that the conference had begun its work," adds the note, "the Russian delegation, composed of Tschichérin, Rakovsky, Vorovsky and Midvany, decided to start immediately for Lausanne."

FIVE GEORGIA GIRLS ON EUROPEAN TOUR

Mrs. John T. North Taking Party on Educational Trip.

SPECIAL CABLE TO THE NEW YORK HERALD. Copyright, 1922, by THE NEW YORK HERALD. SOUTHAMPTON, Nov. 25.—About the steamer Pittsburgh which arrived here this week was Mrs. John T. North and a party of five Georgia girls who are making an educational trip to the sources of history instead of spending a year or two at finishing school. They are Margaret Elder, Tellis Pratt, Margaret Colbert and Winifred Davis, all of Atlanta, and Margaret Mack of Thomasville.

After a month in England they will cross the Continent to the Adriatic and will spend several months in Egypt, the Holy Land and Greece.

COL. GONATAS FORMING NEW GREEK CABINET

Britain Threatens Break if Former Officials Are Killed.

ATHENS, Nov. 25 (Associated Press).—Col. Gonatas, who headed the revolutionary movement which overthrew King Constantine, is forming a Cabinet to succeed the Zaimis Ministry, which resigned yesterday.

Members of the revolutionary committee, it is understood, will hold the portfolios of War and Marine, and perhaps some others.

WOMAN'S GLOVE IN CAR CHICAGO MURDER CLEW

Machine in Garage Where Automobile Man Was Slain.

CHICAGO, Nov. 25.—A woman's glove found in an automobile in the garage where the body of Joseph Louis, wealthy head of an automobile sales company, was found last night with two bullet wounds in the back, was one of the clues through which the police to-day were seeking to develop evidence to solve the mystery of the slaying.

Detectives were inclined to believe Louis was killed in a quarrel over a car rather than that a woman was involved. Louis was a bachelor known as "Handsome Joe," and although he had many women friends, according to police, he did an extensive business in selling cars on time payments and financing mortgages on such machines. According to employees he had quarreled with a man over such a deal on Wednesday.

COURT FREES BENABU.

LONDON, Nov. 25.—Sydney Benabu, an Englishman extradited from New York on a charge of abducting his 16-year-old daughter from her mother in London, was discharged to-day in Bow street court, the prosecution withdrawing.

MUSSOLINI FOR DEBT VOIDANCE OR GRANTS

Determined to Gain Important Points From England and France.

KEEPS FOREIGN POST

Will Concentrate on Deals With Allies Instead of Affairs at Home.

FORCES CHAMBER TO VOTE

Refuses to Let It Adjourn Until Full Power Is Given His Government.

SPECIAL CABLE TO THE NEW YORK HERALD. Copyright, 1922, by THE NEW YORK HERALD.

PREMIER Benito Mussolini has returned from Lausanne determined to concentrate his energies upon foreign affairs rather than domestic, and his policy may be phrased as follows: Either Italy shall be released from payment of its debts to England and France, or she must be given new concessions in the Near East.

Whereas upon assuming the Premiership Mussolini was expected soon to create a Minister of Foreign Affairs, he now intends, THE NEW YORK HERALD correspondent learns in official circles, to administer the Foreign Office himself indefinitely. This may necessitate finding some one to be Minister of the Interior, whose delicate and troublesome work falls heavily now upon Mussolini's young Fascist comrade, Aldo Finzi, Under Secretary of the Interior.

To-day's gossip about the Foreign Office yielded a fairly definite indication of the attitude the Fascist Premier will assume in the next meeting of allied Premiers early in December. It is believed Mussolini will demand the El Yemen district of Arabia, opposite the Massua section of Abyssinia, already Italian, and that he may ask also that all Abyssinia come under Italian influence. Sentiment in the foreign office is for ending the preponderance of French influence in Tunis.

Foreign Course Approved.

Thus far the Premier's course in foreign affairs has been well received here. THE NEW YORK HERALD correspondent is informed in the highest sources that Mussolini's handling of the Yugoslav question has been masterly and productive of the happiest results. Whereas, old heads in the diplomatic game find the new Premier still unimpaired by the "details" of foreign problems, they feel that Italy speaks now with an entirely altered tone, and, in general, the new Italian pleases.

Mussolini's journey from Lausanne, with M. Antonietti, the Yugoslav Minister to Rome, was interrupted every few miles by shouting bands of Fascists, and he was met at the station here this morning by the under secretaries of his Cabinet, city officials and a group of deputies and officers. He went at once to the Interior office, where he held a long conference with leaders of the Fasci. During the morning he visited the chapel where the late ex-premier Sonnino lay in state, and his homage, and was followed soon after by King Victor Emmanuel.

It is expected that the law granting plenipotentiary powers to the King may be to-morrow, allowing the Chamber to adjourn for the holiday recess. On all sides the parties are calling for an immediate general election, the Fascists among the loudest advocates, but Mussolini would defer the election as long as possible. The attitude of the Fascists on this point is only one of many in which they find themselves in disagreement with the Premier they brought to power.

Rome is full of Fascist office seekers, with whom the Premier is resolved to deal impartially. Mussolini's long conference with his party leaders this morning was an attempt to hold the Fasci in line with the Government and in sympathy with his program. The Fascists can create serious embarrassment to the new Government, and one of Mussolini's toughest problems continues to be that of reconciling his position as leader of an insurgent party with his position as commander of Italy's destiny. From the first moment there has been no doubt that the Premier has chosen the latter role.

Forces Chamber Vote.

ROME, Nov. 25 (Associated Press).—The Chamber of Deputies to-day approved the law conferring full power upon the Mussolini Government until December 31, 1923. The vote was 275 to 89.

The afternoon was spent in the discussion of the bill granting to the Government full powers for bureaucratic and fiscal reform. At 9 o'clock to-night, Deputies on all sides of the Chamber, pleading that they were hungry and tired, asked that the sitting be adjourned to Sunday, but Premier Mussolini arose and said: "I prefer that the discussion be concluded to-night."

The President asked for a vote, whereupon all the Deputies, including those that desired adjournment, approved of Mussolini's suggestion amid considerable hilarity.

POLISH SENATE RETURNS.

Nationalists and Witos Can Control Majority.

WARSAW, Nov. 25 (Associated Press).—Final returns of the Senatorial elections show that the Senate, which is composed of 111 Deputies, will be made up as follows: Forty-eight Nationalists, seventeen members of the group led by former Premier Witos, eight radical peasants, seven socialists, three Labor, twenty-seven non-Polish Deputies and one independent.

BAZAAR TO FEED CHILDREN.

The Foster Mothers Association of America will hold a grand bazaar to aid undernourished, public school children of Greater New York in the Hotel Pennsylvania Roof Garden, Seventh avenue and Thirty-third street, on the afternoons and evenings of December 14, 15 and 16. A variety of articles suitable for Christmas presents will be available. Mrs. Philip Simon of 250 West Seventy-fifth street is chairman.

FOUND ANYTHING? If so, see it advertised in the Lost and Found columns of to-day's New York Herald.

SHIP CRASH INJURES MANY OF 2,000 FUGITIVE ORPHANS

Children in Care of Near East Relief Thrown Into Panic by Collision at Entrance of Bosphorus.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 25 (Associated Press).—Two thousand Christian orphans and two American relief workers were imperiled this morning when the steamship Belgravia, chartered by the Near East Relief, collided with the transatlantic liner New York at the western entrance of the Bosphorus this morning.

Alfired ships, dispatched hurriedly to the scene, reported that many of the children had been painfully injured, but no lives were lost. Doctors and nurses were sent from the Near East headquarters to attend the injured. The New York strayed about, scattering up a loose ball and a fifty-seven yard run through the frenzied Yale eleven.

CLEMENCEAU SEES GAME; 'WACHT AM RHEIN' UNSUNG

Continued from First Page.

stopped and the play began Clemenceau's eyes, missing nothing, transferred their attention from the 76,000 persons of whom he was one to the young men in the blue and red jerseys on the field. He seemed impassive, betrayed no excitement, until Owen, the Harvard captain, who seemed to be as hard to catch as a wildcat, scooped up a loose ball and made a fifty-seven yard run through the frenzied Yale eleven.

No one had to tell the pilgrim from France what this meant. Dropping his cane, waving both arms, leaning forward with gestures of encouragement to the runner, he was on his feet shouting with the wildest of them. As it was the greatest moment of the contest so it was Clemenceau's.

Thereafter he did not stir from his place. His only comment on the Harvard touchdown was: "Ha." Around him he heard much curious jargon, such as: "Third and four to go." Over on the Yale side he saw pleading and picturesque things, such as the Yale cheerleader suddenly transforming itself into a huge "YALE" outlined with white handkerchiefs against a blue field.

Receives Great Ovation.

When the first half ended and Dr. Angel arrived to escort him to the Yale side the Yale band poured forth "La Marseillaise." Everybody knew that Clemenceau was somewhere in the mob, but he was not generally identified until, having invited Harvard to victory, he went over to try to do the same for Yale. As he crossed the field the mob, 76,000 roared down at him and he kept lifting his hat. The score of the whole game was all in Clemenceau's favor. He was now on the shady side of the arena. Yale sat in the shadow. It was cold there, but Clemenceau seemed not to mind it, although persons around him were moving their feet and hands to keep warm. Albert carried in his arms a tremendous green shawl, but his master did not call for it. His blue overcoat with seal collar was enough.

His seat with Yale was only one of the many that he had a much closer view of the game. Mrs. Angel was at Clemenceau's right and two seats away Dr. Angel, with Stephen Bessard, Clemenceau's American traveling companion. Once more "La Marseillaise," this time by the Yale band, which ranged in a wide semi-circle on the field, facing Clemenceau. Then the "Brek-ek-es" cheer, with Clemenceau's name appended. A woman, on her way to a higher cliff, and was met at the station here this morning by the under secretaries of his Cabinet, city officials and a group of deputies and officers. He went at once to the Interior office, where he held a long conference with leaders of the Fasci. During the morning he visited the chapel where the late ex-premier Sonnino lay in state, and his homage, and was followed soon after by King Victor Emmanuel.

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REICHSTAG APPROVES POLICIES OF CABINET

Deputies Give Cuno Almost Unanimous Vote and Adjourn to Dec. 4.

MINISTER QUILTS POST

Dr. Mueller Forced Out by Accusation of Favoring Separate Rhineland.

STRESEMANN LAUDS U. S.

Believes America Would Aid Europe if It Were Not for Congress.

By LINCOLN EYRE.

SPECIAL CABLE TO THE NEW YORK HERALD. Copyright, 1922, by THE NEW YORK HERALD.

With the exception of six Communists and three anti-Fascist reactionaries on the Extreme Right, the entire membership of the Reichstag voted the Cuno Cabinet into power this afternoon and adjourned until December 4 to give the Chancellor a chance to get the governmental machinery in motion. The resolution, adopted almost unanimously, however, voices no confidence in the new Ministry, merely "approving" its intention of making the mark stabilization note of November 13 the basis of its policy.

Following a tumultuous scene in the Reichstag last night and an executive inquiry by Cuno, lasting into the small hours to-day, one of the most important members of the new Cabinet has already lost his job. He is Dr. Herman Mueller, whom Chancellor Cuno named Food Minister. The Socialists accused him of having participated in 1919 in a movement sponsored by Gen. Mangin, then commander in chief of the allied armies of occupation, to separate the Rhineland from Prussia.

In Germany those partaking in this separatist movement have always been deemed traitors, since it was generally felt that the scheme was engineered by the French to cut the Rhineland off from the rest of the Reich.

After hearing Dr. Mueller and his Socialist accusers last night the Cabinet decided that the Food Minister was not guilty of treasonable conduct, but Chancellor Cuno announced in the Reichstag that he had accepted Dr. Mueller's resignation, which was based on the latter's conviction that he could not work satisfactorily in the face of Parliamentary opposition engendered by the attack. The whole affair has left a bad impression on even the most ardent supporters of the new Cabinet.

Just before the Reichstag adjourned Dr. Gustav Stresemann, head of the People's party, the Hugo Stinnes faction, delivered a violent onslaught against the foreign invasion of Germany. Capital from abroad, he said, threatened to swallow German industry and thousands of foreigners were living here far too cheaply for the country's good.

In the same breath he declared that neither a solution of the reparations problem nor world wide economic restoration was possible without the help of the United States, and congratulated

LIKENS FASCISTA COUP TO A DEFEAT OF HYLAN

Dr. Livingston Draws Parallel at Foreign Policy Luncheon.

The failure of Communism to produce anything worth while in Italy was responsible for the rise of the Fascists, said Countess Irene di Robilant of the Italy America Society before the Foreign Policy Association at its fifteenth luncheon yesterday at the Hotel Astor.

The Countess, who saw four years' service in the Italian ambulance service in the war and much of the later disturbance in Italy, described the rise and fall of communism, saying: "Communism made the Fascists what it is to-day. Mussolini opposed organization to the grations of the Yale cheer leaders, particularly one who flaunted the Communists to take over the industrial system and attempt to run it on their own theories."

Dr. Arthur Livingston, former professor of Italian at Columbia, also spoke. He said: "The story of the Fascists can be pictured if we awake to find that some one had led the way and Lodge, Hylan and—name any other you please—were suddenly put out of office and power. We would follow almost any person in this country who could produce that result."

James G. McDonald presided.

WORLD PROHIBITIONISTS MEET

Plan to Enlist Students in Dry Movement.

TORONTO, Ont., Nov. 25.—Plans to enlist students in the fight for prohibition were discussed to-day at the convention of the World League Against Alcoholism. Delegates from fifty nations were present.

The Rev. James Cannon, Bishop of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, and the Rev. Elmer Williams, Chicago, spoke.

Pilotless Plane Flies by Control on Ground

PARIS, Nov. 25 (Associated Press).—A system of pilotless airplane control has passed a two day test, according to experts who supervised the trials with a 300 horse-power passenger carrying Government biplane. The machine flew over Etampes field on Wednesday and Thursday for several hours. Going aloft with no one aboard, it responded to control by Hertzian waves from the ground, performed numerous evolutions and landed safely.

The machine frequently was lost from sight in the clouds, but was under control. The system was developed by the experts Demarcay, Bouche and Percheron.

Germany on being able to maintain commercial relations with America.

SAYS AMERICAN AID IS NEEDED.

PARIS, Nov. 25.—(Associated Press).—Dr. Gustav Stresemann said in the Reichstag to-day: "The United States would perhaps participate actively in European affairs if unhampered by Congress. I regret that all the more because of the Chancellor's statement that he believes the reparations question cannot in any case be definitely regulated without the active intervention of the United States."

ANTI-SOVIET SQUADRON LEAVES VLADIVOSTOK

White Russian Refugees Are Starving in Corea.

GENSAN, Corea, Nov. 25 (Associated Press).—Admiral Stark's White Squadron, driven in sympathy with the Moscow Soviet, has sailed for Fusan, a southern Korean port, with exiled military men and their families.

The situation of the rest of the Russian refugees, ashore at Gensan, remains deplorable. Among the children sixty-two cases of measles have been reported, six of which were fatal yesterday. There are 102 cases of enteric fever.

HAY MOWER IN WINTER RIG.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE NEW YORK HERALD. WINSTED, Conn., Nov. 25.—Farm work has been retarded greatly due to the scarcity of man help at the farm of John G. Hall on the Colebrook road. Yesterday Hall, wearing a fur cap, mittens and felt boots, completed his haying. He moved with a scythe a good share of the day and by nightfall had harvested a ton of hay. The elements had dried the grass standing.

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"Let us be glad if we can retain properly our trade connections with America. A prominent American told me: 'For the United States, the difference between stability and prosperity depends upon a Europe capable of buying; we can perhaps remain standing when we are as long as Europe continues to stay in this condition, but to go from the present situation to prosperity is only possible if we again have a Europe capable of buying.'"

SAYS MILLION LIVES DEPEND ON U. S. AID

American Hospital Head Pleads for Refugees.

A gloomy picture of conditions among the refugees from the Near East who have reached Greece is contained in a cablegram received yesterday from Dr. Mabel E. Elliott, at Athens, by Dr. Esther Lovejoy, head of the American Women's Hospitals, at 537 Madison avenue. Dr. Elliott says: "If the American people are really interested in the welfare of these refugees the time to help on a large scale has now arrived. Such emergency work as has been done thus far has been good, but thousands are going to die unless more American help and more thorough American organization becomes immediately effective."

"I find myself every day forced to provide more than mere medical care for women and children who lie on the bare ground on every side, yet more refugees continue to arrive. The Minister of Refugees Doxiades told me to-day he expects 100,000 more from Asia Minor within ten days. The situation is terrible beyond words to describe and I see no hope for a real solution unless the American people are willing to undertake leadership upon a wide scope within the next month. The world at large apparently does not yet realize that there are 1,000,000 refugees—all women and children—who can't be expected to shift for themselves."

The American Women's Hospitals are at Mytilene, Piraeus and Salonica, and their relief work is widespread. It is hoped to continue it on an undiminished scale throughout the winter if funds become available.

TRIPLE CAR CRASH KILLS ONE.

TOMORROW, Nov. 25.—Three automobiles skidded into one another to-day, resulting in the death of Dr. J. W. Gray of Hamilton and serious injury to five other persons.

765,000,000 MARKS DEBT.

BERLIN, Nov. 25.—Germany's floating debt increased in the second ten days of November by 101,000,000 marks to 765,000,000 marks.

As the Debutante adds sparkle to the social season—so Apollinaris

"The Queen of Table Waters" adds sparkle to her Thé Dansant Formal Luncheon Coming-out Ball Midnight Supper.

Sole Importers Apollinaris Agency Co., New York Fifth Avenue at 42nd Street

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Clearing Sales
The most extraordinary event of the season. Our entire stock of original creations from the leading French couturiers will be disposed of at less than half the original cost.
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From 50.00 upward
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THE charm of the Day Bed is in its daily usefulness.
"Hall" Day Beds are reasonably priced and harmonize with any scheme of furnishing.
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SALE
for three days, beginning tomorrow
AT HALF PRICE
Gowns formerly from 175.00 to 65.00
Sweaters " " 30.00 to 10.00
The first "Alice Maynard" sale in years
It gives an opportunity to purchase from this old established house at prices within each of very purse.
MONDAY A Clearance Sale
Regardless of Original Prices
The collection includes authentic models of current season in
DRESSES SUITS COATS
with or without fur and
HATS
HARRY COLLINS
ART IN DRESS
FIFTY-SEVENTH STREET at PARK AVENUE
NEW YORK